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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/890,587 | 11/07/2001 | Micheal Maillard | 11345/034001 | 6310 |
| 22511 | 7590 | 06/07/2005 | EXAMINER | |
| OSHA LIANG L.L.P. 1221 MCKINNEY STREET SUITE 2800 HOUSTON, TX 77010 | | | MOORTHY, ARAVIND K | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2131 | |

DATE MAILED: 06/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | 09/890,587 | MAILLARD, MICHEAL |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Aravind K. Moorthy | 2131 |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 May 2002.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-5,21-23,32 and 33 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 6-20 and 24-31 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 07 November 2001 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-33 are pending in the application.
2. Claims 1-5, 21-23, 32 and 33 have been rejected.
3. Claims 6-20 and 24-31 have been objected to.

Specification

4. This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b).

An abstract on a separate sheet is required.

Claim Objections

5. Claims 6-20 and 24-31 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claim. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 32 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite in that it fails to point out what is included or excluded by the claim language. This claim is an omnibus type claim. Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

7. Claims 1-5, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gennaro et al U.S. Patent No. 5,907,618.

As to claims 1 and 21, Gennaro et al discloses a method of encryption of data communicated between a first and second device [column 9, lines 2-17]. Gennaro et al discloses that at least one precalculated key pair is stored in a memory of the first device [column 9, lines 31-36]. Gennaro et al discloses that the at least one key pair comprising a session key and an encrypted version of the session key prepared using a transport key [column 10, lines 11-26]. Gennaro et al discloses the encrypted version of the session key being subsequently communicated to the second device which decrypts the encrypted version using an equivalent transport key stored in its memory such that data communicated from at least the second to the

first device may thereafter be encrypted and decrypted by the session key in the respective devices [column 13, lines 19-38].

As to claims 2 and 22, Gennaro et al discloses a plurality of key pairs are stored in the memory of the first device [column 9 line 61 to column 10 line 11]. Gennaro et al discloses the first device selecting and processing at least one session key to generate a definitive session key and communicating the associated encrypted version of the at least one session key to the second device for decryption and processing by the second device to generate the definitive session key [column 13, lines 15-37].

As to claim 3, Gennaro et al discloses that a subset of a plurality of stored session keys is chosen by the first device to generate the definitive session key [column 13, lines 15-37]. Gennaro et al discloses that the associated encrypted versions of the subset of session keys being communicated to the second device for decryption and processing [column 13, lines 15-37].

As to claim 4, Gennaro et al discloses the order of combination of a plurality of session keys used to generate the definitive session key is communicated from the first to the second device [column 13 line 66 to column 14 line 30].

As to claim 5, Gennaro et al discloses an initial session key value known to both the first and second devices is repeatedly encrypted in both devices by an ordered sequence of session keys using an encryption algorithm sensitive to the order of encryption [column 14, lines 31-41].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gennaro et al U.S. Patent No. 5,907,618 as applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of Shwed et al U.S. Patent No. 5,835,726.

As to claim 23, Gennaro et al does not teach that the encrypted version of a session key includes a signature value readable by the second device to verify the authenticity of the encrypted version of the session key.

Shwed et al teaches an encrypted version of a session key that includes a signature value readable by the second device to verify the authenticity of the encrypted version of the session key [column 17, lines 9-36].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Gennaro et al so that the encrypted version of the session key would have included a signature value used to verify the authenticity of the encrypted version of the session key.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Gennaro et al by the teaching of Shwed et al because the signature provides authentication to the source that the key received is indeed formed by an entity that knows the basic key thus providing strong authentication [column 17, lines 9-36].

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aravind K. Moorthy whose telephone number is 571-272-3793. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Aravind K Moorthy
May 20, 2005

Ayaz Sheikh
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